

CS 668 Applied Large Language Models  
Spring Semester, 2026  
Doc 07 More MCP  
Feb 10, 2026

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# StrongDM Software Factory

<https://simonwillison.net/2026/Feb/7/software-factory/#atom-entries>

<https://factory.strongdm.ai>

Code must not be written by humans

Code must not be reviewed by humans

If you haven't spent at least \$1,000 on tokens today per human engineer, your software factory has room for improvement

[The Digital Twin Universe is] behavioral clones of the third-party services our software depends on. We built twins of Okta, Jira, Slack, Google Docs, Google Drive, and Google Sheets, replicating their APIs, edge cases, and observable behaviors.

# Nanolang

<https://github.com/jordanhubbard/nanolang>

A minimal, LLM-friendly programming language with mandatory testing and unambiguous syntax.

Optimized for both human readability and AI code generation.

Enables LLMs to autonomously optimize your code without human intervention

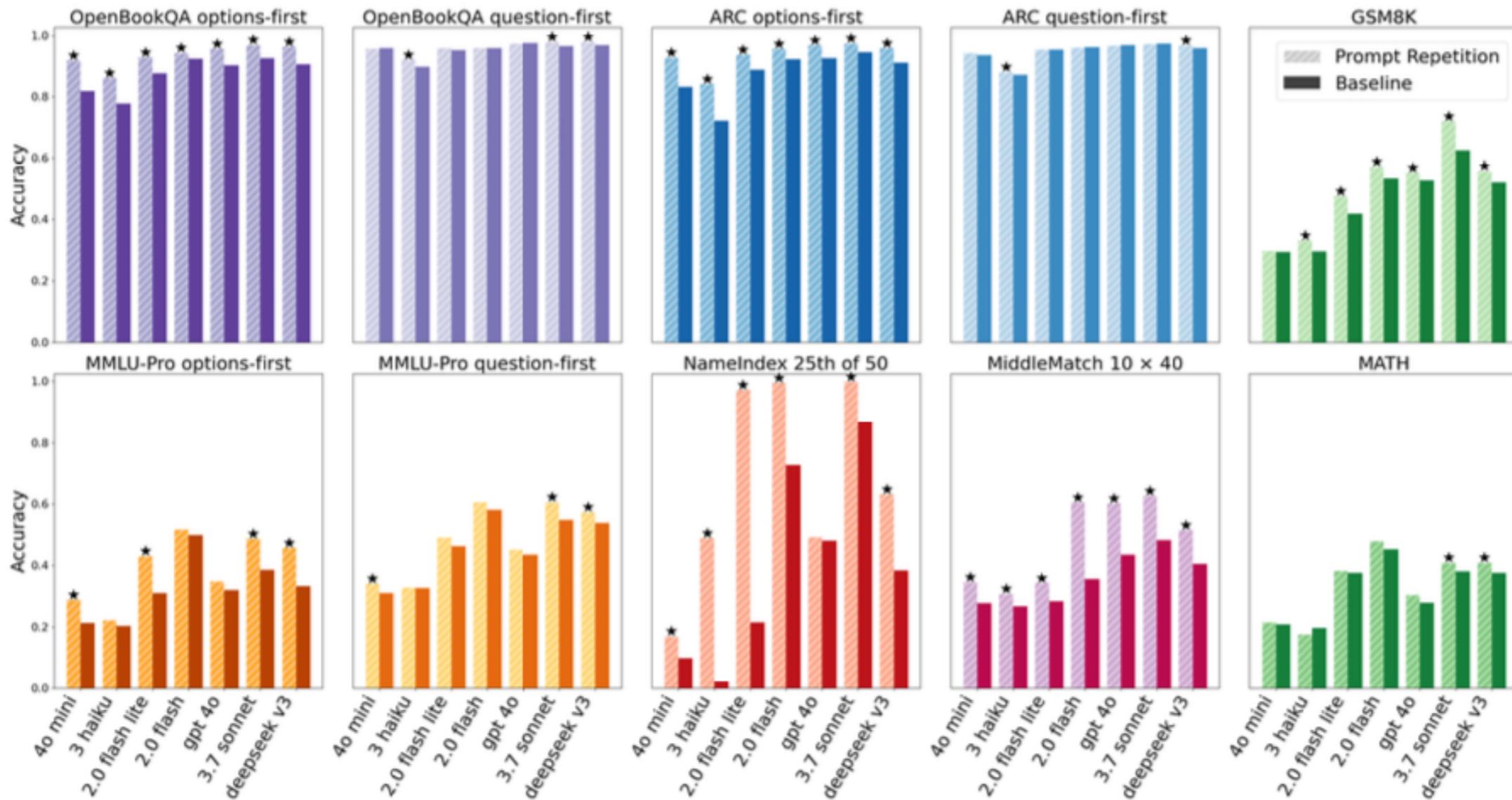
```
fn square(x: int) -> int {  
    return (* x x)  
}
```

```
shadow square {  
    assert (== (square 5) 25)  
    assert (== (square 0) 0)  
    assert (== (square -3) 9)  
}
```

# Prompt Repetition Improves Non-Reasoning LLMs

<https://arxiv.org/abs/2512.14982>

Repeat the prompt in non-reasoning LLMs



# MCP Apps

<https://blog.modelcontextprotocol.io/posts/2026-01-26-mcp-apps/>

Jan 26, 2026

Tools can return interactive interfaces

MCP Apps are supported in:

Claude

Goose

Visual Studio Code - available in Visual Studio Code Insiders

ChatGPT

# MCP Issues - Data Types

“1/2/2026”

1 Feb 2026

Jan 2, 2026

{“day”: 1,  
“Month”: 2,  
“Year’: 2026,}

{“day”: 1,  
“Month”: 1,  
“Year’: 2026,}

{“day”: 1,  
“Month”: “Feb”,  
“Year’: 2026,}

{“day”: 1,  
“Month”: “फ़रवरी”,  
“Year’: 2026,}

3947356800

\$12.34 ≠ 12.34

UNIX RPC

External Data Representation (XDR)

# Heterogeneous Environments

Each language implements MCP independently, guaranteeing inconsistencies

Python's and JavaScript JSON encoders/decoders handle Unicode differently

No insurance that different clients and servers interpret a message the same

## CORBA

- Define an interface

- Generate binding for each language

# Scaling

Stateless servers enable scaling

- Any server can handle the request

MCP allows stateful servers

Caches reduce loads on the server

MCP

- No cache mechanism

- No load balancing

# Security

Clear text

OAuth 2.1 is optional

Servers **MUST** validate the Origin header on all incoming connections to prevent DNS rebinding attacks

When running locally, servers **SHOULD** bind only to localhost (127.0.0.1) rather than all network interfaces (0.0.0.0)

Servers **SHOULD** implement proper authentication for all connections

# Service discovery

Not covered

So hard code server location

# Others

No tool schema versioning

No connection pooling

No binary protocol

Stdio transport creates a new process connection for every interaction

No cost attribution

No central logging

- Debugging

- Latency tracking

No defined error messages

- Rate limit exceeded

- Invalid input

# Disconnection

Disconnection *MAY* occur at any time (e.g., due to network conditions). Therefore:  
Disconnection *SHOULD NOT* be interpreted as the client cancelling its request.

To cancel, the client *SHOULD* explicitly send an MCP CancelledNotification.

To avoid message loss due to disconnection, the server *MAY* make the stream resumable.